1551 PLANTER TOOLBAR Operator's Manual

Part #125-087-02-EN-OM



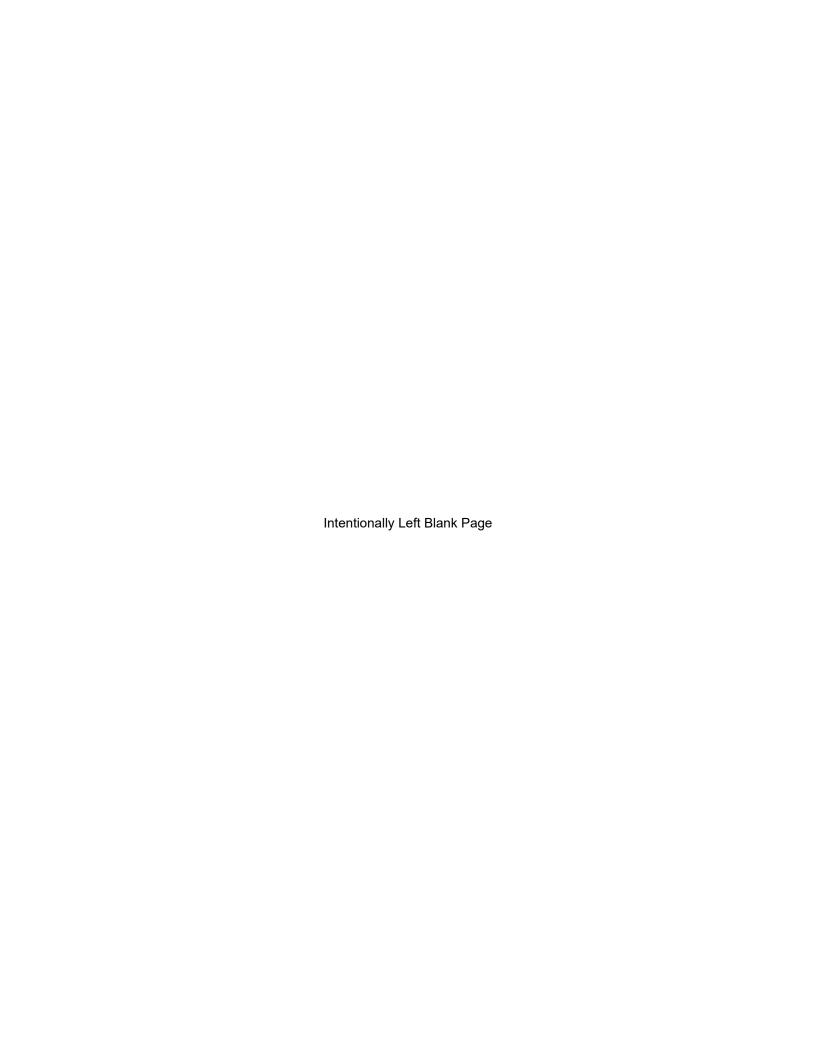


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To the Dealer

This instruction contains important information for unloading of custom integral planters. Read instructions carefully before attempting to unload. While the custom integral planter is considered a factory assembled product, some components may have been removed from the machine to prevent damage during shipping, or to allow for consolidated shipments. Make sure all components are properly installed.

Inspect the implement thoroughly after assembly to be certain it is functioning properly before delivering it to the customer. The following checklist is a reminder of points to cover. Check off each item as it is found satisfactory or after proper adjustment is made.

	Pre-Delivery Checklist							
	All hardware is properly tightened.							
	Lubrication of grease fittings has been completed.							
	All decals are properly located and readable.							
	All implement tools and options are installed and set.							
	Check overall condition of implement.							
	Make sure operator's manual is included.							
Date	e set up:							
Sigr	nature:							

Delivery

At the time the machine is delivered, the following checklist is a reminder of information which should be conveyed directly to the customer. Check off each item as it is fully explained to customer.

Delivery Checklist								
Introduce the machine to the customer. Give the customer the operator's manual and encourage them to read it.								
Make the customer aware of all the safety precautions that must be exercised when using and transporting the machine.								
Make customer aware of the different tooling options available.								
The machine does not come set to run in the field from the factory. See Chapter 5 , " Operation and Field Settings " to help set the machine for optimal performance. Explain all operating adjustments.								
Explain to the customer that the life expectancy of this machine depends on regular maintenance as directed in the operator's manual.								
Tell the customer to use the proper tools for service and inform	Tell the customer to use the proper tools for service and inform them of Orthman parts availability.							
Review recommended procedures for attaching and detachin	g planter from tractor.							
Inform the customer of safety precautions that must be observed	Inform the customer of safety precautions that must be observed when transporting.							
When the machine is transported on a road or highway at night or during the day, accessory lights and devices should be used for adequate warning to operators of other vehicles. In this regard, tell customer to check local governmental regulations.								
Write machine model number and serial number in the spaces provided below.								
To the best of my knowledge, this machine has been delivered ready for field use and the customer has been fully informed as to proper operation and care.								
Date delivered:	Model number:							
Signature:	Serial number:							

NOTE: After signing, copy this page. Keep signed delivery checklist in machine file at the dealership.



Product Description

The Orthman 1551 Planter Toolbar is the leading vertical folding toolbar in the row crop industry, designed and built to simply withstand the roughest of field conditions. The 1551 Planter Toolbar is designed to have the strength necessary to handle today's higher horsepower tractors. The dual-tubing frame design leading to a double, line-bored hinge, prepares this toolbar for virtually any field condition.

The 1551 Planter Toolbar offers 12 row, 16 row, and 18 row planter configurations. The smaller toolbar features a Category 3 or Category 4 high lift three-point hitch option. The larger toolbars have a Catagory 4 high lift three-point hitch. All toolbars feature two internal cylinders that fold the toolbar 140°, integrated bar stands, wing rests, hydraulic hose and light connector storage, safety lighting, and safety decals.

Purpose of This Manual

This manual is considered to be an integral component of the 1551 Planter Toolbar and is designed to educate the owner and operators regarding safety, operation, maintenance, troubleshooting, and component identification.

All personnel involved in the operation of the 1551 Planter Toolbar are responsible for reading and understanding the entire contents of this manual. This manual is designed to keep the operator safe and knowledgeable as well as prolong the life of the product, minimize downtime, and maximize field efficiency. This manual should accompany the product if it is ever sold.

We would like to thank you for placing your confidence in Orthman Mfg., Inc. Your 1551 Planter Toolbar is manufactured to meet the highest standards and is built with Orthman precision and strength to increase your agricultural operation's dependability and profitability.



Warranty

Orthman Manufacturing, Inc. ("OMI") warrants each new whole good product to be free from defects in manufactured components and workmanship. This warranty is applicable only for the normal service life expectancy of the product or components, not to exceed twenty-four (24) consecutive months from date of purchase of the new OMI product to the original purchaser.

Purchased components installed by OMI (blades, bearings, controls, hoses, wheels, coulters, cylinders, fittings, points, etc.) shall be warranted by their respective manufacturer for a period of twelve (12) consecutive months from date of purchase of the new OMI product to the original purchaser.

A completed online Warranty Registration for the original purchaser must have been received by OMI to activate warranty coverage. Non receipt of warranty registration may void OMI warranty coverage. OMI warranty is non-transferable.

Genuine OMI replacement parts and components will be warranted for ninety (90) days from date of purchase or the remainder of the original equipment warranty period; whichever is greater.

All warranty work is to be performed by an authorized OMI dealer at the repairing dealer's location unless otherwise approved by Orthman Manufacturing, Inc. – Lexington, Nebraska.

Under no circumstances shall warranty cover any merchandise or component thereof, which, in the opinion of OMI, has been subjected to misuse, unauthorized modifications or alteration, accident, collision with obstruction/ground, or if repairs have been made with parts other than those approved by OMI. If the seal on the cylinder is broke (cylinder opened), it will void all warranty for cylinder.

OMI warranty policies do not cover travel expenses, after hours field/service time, overnight expenses, or expenses not related to that of regular shop labor rates or parts replaced during actual warranty repair. OMI reserves the right to adjust warranty labor credits so as not to exceed believed normal repair times as directed by warranty governing laws.

OMI obligation under this warranty shall be limited to repairing or replacing, free of charge to the purchaser, any part, in our judgment, showing evidence of such defect, provided further that such part shall be returned within thirty (30) days from the date of repair to OMI through the dealer or distributor from whom the product was purchased or repaired; transportation charges prepaid.

This warranty shall not be interpreted to render OMI liable for injury or damages of any kind or nature to person or property. This warranty does not extend to the loss of crops, loss of delay in harvesting/planting, or any expense or loss incurred for labor, substitute machinery, rental, or any subsequent reasons thereof.

Except as set forth above, OMI shall have no obligation or liability of any kind on account of its equipment and shall not be liable for special or consequential damages. OMI makes no other warranty, expressed or implied, and, specifically, OMI disclaims any implied warranty or merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. Some sates or provinces do not permit limitations or exclusions of implied warranties or incidental or consequential damages, so the limitations or exclusion in this warranty may not apply.

This warranty is subject to any existing conditions of supply, which may directly affect OMI ability to obtain materials or manufacture replacement parts.

OMI reserves the right to make improvements in design or changes in specifications at any time, without incurring any obligation to owners of units previously sold.

No one person is authorized to alter, modify or enlarge this warranty nor the exclusions, limitations and reservations. For more information, please visit OMI website www.orthman.com.

Information subject to change without notice.

Provided warranty policy information supersedes all previous warranty considerations.

Orthman Manufacturing, Inc. – Lexington, NE

Rev. Date - 8/1/2021



Chapter 2

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Farm Safety

Contrary to the popular image of fresh air and peaceful surroundings, a farm is not a hazard-free work setting. Every year, thousands of farm workers are injured and hundreds more die in farming accidents. According to the National Safety Council, agriculture is the most hazardous industry in the nation.

How You Can Improve Farm Safety

You can start by increasing your awareness of farming hazards and making a conscious effort to prepare for emergency situations including fires, vehicle accidents, electrical shocks from equipment and wires, and chemical exposures. Be especially alert to hazards that may affect children and the elderly. Minimize hazards by carefully selecting the products you buy to ensure that you provide good tools and equipment. Always use seat belts when operating tractors, and establish and maintain good housekeeping practices. Here are some other steps you can take to reduce illnesses and injuries on the farm:

- Read and follow instructions in equipment operator's manuals and on product labels.
- Inspect equipment routinely for problems that may cause accidents.
- Discuss safety hazards and emergency procedures with your workers.
- Install approved rollover protective structures, protective enclosures, or protective frames on tractors.
- Make sure that guards on farm equipment are replaced after maintenance.
- Review and follow instructions in material safety data sheets (MSDSs) and on labels that come with chemical products and communicate information on these hazards to your workers.

High Risk Factors on Farms

The following factors may increase risk of injury or illness for farm workers:

- Age Injury rates are highest among children age 15 and under and adults over 65.
- Equipment and Machinery Most farm accidents and fatalities involve machinery. Proper machine guarding and performing equipment maintenance according to manufacturers' recommendations can help prevent accidents.
- Protective Equipment Using protective equipment such as seat belts on tractors and personal protective equipment (PPE) (safety gloves, coveralls, boots, hats, aprons, goggles, and face shields) could significantly reduce farming injuries.
- Take precautions to prevent entrapment and suffocation caused by unstable surfaces of grain storage bins, silos, or hoppers. Never "walk the grain."
- Be aware that methane gas, carbon dioxide, ammonia, and hydrogen sulfide can form in unventilated grain silos and manure pits and can suffocate or poison workers or explode.
- Take advantage of safety equipment, such as bypass starter covers, power take-off master shields, and slow-moving vehicle emblems.
- Medical Care Hospitals and emergency medical care are typically not readily accessible in rural areas near farms.

The Benefits of Improved Safety and Health Practices

Orthman Manufacturing provides this document in the hope that everyone that has a job to do, does it SAFELY. Our goal and yours should be to end each day in the best possible health. Better safety and health practices reduce fatalities, injuries, and illnesses as well as associated costs such as workers' compensation insurance premiums, lost production, and medical expenses. A safer and more healthful workplace improves morale and productivity.



Health and Safety Hazards on Farms

Farm workers including farm families and migrant workers are exposed to hazards such as the following:

Danger	Potential Effect or Injury	Prevention
Chemicals/ Pesticides	Skin and respiratory injury or death	Review material safety data sheets (MSDSs) and manufacturers' data sheets, and use proper personal protective equipment (PPE).
Cold	Illness, frostbite, or death	Dress properly for the day.
Dust	Respiratory injury or explosive combinations	Be aware of your surroundings and activity.
Electricity	Shock, burns, fire, or death	Use a qualified professional for wiring dangerous electrical devices. Never overload a circuit. Replace damaged electrical devices or cords. Electrical tape will not insulate you from injury.
Grain bins/Silos	Entrapment or suffocation Explosion from formation of dangerous gases and poisoning	Make sure the bin is properly ventilated and maintained. Never "walk the grain."
Hand tools	Injury including cuts, abrasions, electrocution, strains, sprains, or death	Make sure hand tools are in good condition. Never leave a damaged tool accessible for someone else to use.
Highway traffic	Collisions resulting in injury or death	Follow regulations and stay alert. Avoid alcohol use and the use of communication devices while driving.
Lifting/ Lifting devices	Back injury, sprains, or strains Falling material resulting in being struck or crushed by heavy material	Use proper lifting technique. Get help when the load is too heavy. Inspect all lifting chains, straps, or cables routinely to make sure they are in good condition.
Livestock handling	Serious injury or death resulting from being pinned, struck, or trampled	Always make sure you have adequate room and an escape route.
Machinery/ Equipment	Cuts, abrasions, amputations, or death	Thoroughly read and understand your Owners Equipment Manual (OEM). Never operate the equipment without guards in place. Make sure the equipment can not be energized or otherwise put into operation during repair or maintenance.
Manure pits	Suffocation or poisoning Explosion from formation of dangerous gases and poisoning	Keep proper maintenance.
Mud	Sprains, strains, entrapment, or suffocation. Eye injury and skin irritation.	Use proper PPE. In some conditions a "spotter" may be needed.
Noise	Hearing damage	Use proper PPE.
Ponds	Drowning	Put on a life preserver and make sure help is readily available.
Slips/Trips/Falls	Sprains, strains, back and neck injury, bone breaks, or death	Keep work area free from clutter and organized. If working on anything elevated, make sure you have appropriate guarding and/or fall protection such as a harness and lanyard.
Sun/Heat	Sun burn, heat stroke, shock, or death	Use common sense on excessively hot days. Use sun screen, put on a hat, and stay hydrated.
Toxic gases	Skin and respiratory injury or death Explosion	Review MSDSs and manufacturers' data sheets, and use proper PPE.
Tractors	Cuts, abrasions, amputations, or death	Thoroughly read and understand your OEM. Never operate the equipment without guards in place or anti-roll over devices.
Wells	Electrocution, amputation, or death	Avoid contact with water while working on an electrical device. Make sure the equipment can not be energized or otherwise put into operation during repair or maintenance. Make sure all guarding is in place.
Severe weather	Electrocution, "struck by" injuries, or death	Move to a safe place. Lightening, hail, and tornadoes are unpredictable.

Orthman Manufacturing, Inc. does not limit the potential effects or injuries nor prevention measures to those listed above. They are provided solely as a guideline to making your farm life safer. Always consult your Owner/Operators Manual for specific tool and equipment safety requirements.



Safety Alert Symbol



This safety alert symbol warns of potential hazards to personal safety and that extra precautions must be taken.

When you see this symbol, carefully read the message(s) that follow. Follow all recommended precautions and safe operating practices in this manual.

Hazard control and accident prevention are dependent upon the safety awareness and proper training of personnel involved in the operation of this implement.

Be Aware of Signal Words

Signal words designate a degree or level of hazard seriousness. These signal words include:

▲ DANGER

DANGER indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. **DANGER** is limited to extreme situations, typically for machine components which for functional purposes cannot be guarded.

▲WARNING

WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury. **WARNING** includes hazards that are exposed when safety guards are removed. **WARNING** may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

▲CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. **CAUTION** may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

Shutdown and Storage

▲ DANGER

Avoid crushing. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Make sure all personnel are clear of the implement before lowering.

Lower the implement to the ground, place the tractor in park, turn off the engine, and remove the key.

A DANGER

Avoid crushing. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Use bar stands and cylinder stops to support the implement.

Store the implement on a clean, dry, and level surface. An uneven surface could cause the implement to shift or fall, resulting in injury or death as well as implement damage. Securely support all implement components that must be raised. Store the implement away from human activity.

For Your Protection

ACAUTION

Read and understand the entire contents of this manual before operating or servicing the implement.

Read and understand all operator manuals for the machinery used in conjunction with the 1551 Planter Toolbar.

Carefully read all safety decals in this manual as well as on the implement. Keep the implement clean so decals are easily visible. Keep all safety decals in good, clean, and legible condition. Immediately replace damaged and/or missing decals. Replacement decals are available from your Orthman dealer.

Learn to operate the implement and all components properly. Do not let others operate the implement without proper instruction. Unauthorized implement modifications may impair function and safety. If you do not understand any content in this manual or need assistance, contact your Orthman dealer.



Equipment Safety Guidelines

Operator safety is the primary concern when designing an Orthman implement. Orthman integrates as many safety features into the implement as possible. You can avoid many hazards and possible accidents by observing precautions in this safety section.

Insist that yourself and personnel working with and around you follow all safety precautions. Be cautious when working with or around the implement to avoid injury.

Safe Transport

Use the following guidelines for safe transport:

- Engage transport locking devices and cylinder stops prior to transport.
- Plan your route to avoid traffic. Yield to traffic in all situations.
- Various conditions will require reduced speed. Travel at speeds that allow for adequate control of stopping and steering.

▲ DANGER

Avoid electrocution. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Be aware of overhead power lines.

- Use extreme care when operating the implement near power lines. Contact or close proximity to power lines can result in injury or death.
- Know the transport height and gross weight of the implement. Avoid overhead obstructions not allowing your transport height. Do not use bridges rated below the gross weight of the implement.
- Make sure a slow moving vehicle (SMV) placard is mounted to the implement and is easily visible to other motorists. See "Slow Moving Vehicle (SMV)" on page 2-8.
- Make allowances for implement size when transporting. Sudden braking can cause a towed load to swerve and/or rollover. Never use independent braking with the implement in tow as loss of control and/or rollover can result. Reduce speed if the towed implement is not equipped with brakes.
- Do not coast. Always keep the tractor or towing device in gear to provide engine braking when traveling downhill.
- Comply with state and local laws governing implement transport.

Safe Operation

ACAUTION

Read and understand the entire contents of this manual before operating or servicing the implement.

The implement is to be operated by qualified personnel only. Never let children operate the implement. A complete understanding of safety precautions, operation, and maintenance is mandatory before implement use.

A DANGER

Avoid electrocution. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Be aware of overhead power lines.

Use extreme care when operating the implement near power lines. Contact or close proximity to power lines can result in injury or death.

Know the transport height and gross weight of the implement. Avoid overhead obstructions not allowing your transport height. Do not use bridges rated below your gross weight.

▲ DANGER

Avoid rollover. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Do not fold or unfold the implement when on a hillside and avoid sharp turns, as shift of weight could cause rollover.

Operate the implement at a safe distance from terrain irregularities and other obstructions that could cause rollover.

AWARNING

Avoid being struck by the implement. Failure to follow this information could result in death or serious injury. Make sure all personnel are clear of the implement at all times when the implement is in motion.

Be aware of obstructions above, below, and around the implement when in operation or transport.



Warning and Safety Lights

Oversized implements and slow moving vehicles create a hazard when transported on public roads. Use safety lighting when traveling on public roads day and night.

Make sure all warning lights, safety lights, and turning signals are working and clean. Replace missing or damaged lights immediately. Comply with state and local laws governing implement safety lighting.

Rear View of Toolbar

Planter Toolbar - 55 BU Tank

NOTES:

- Two-sided amber lights (2) must be visible from the front and rear of the implement.
- Red light assemblies (7) are one-sided and must be visible from the rear of the implement.
- Red light assemblies are part of supplier's central commodity system (CCS) tank cradle assembly.

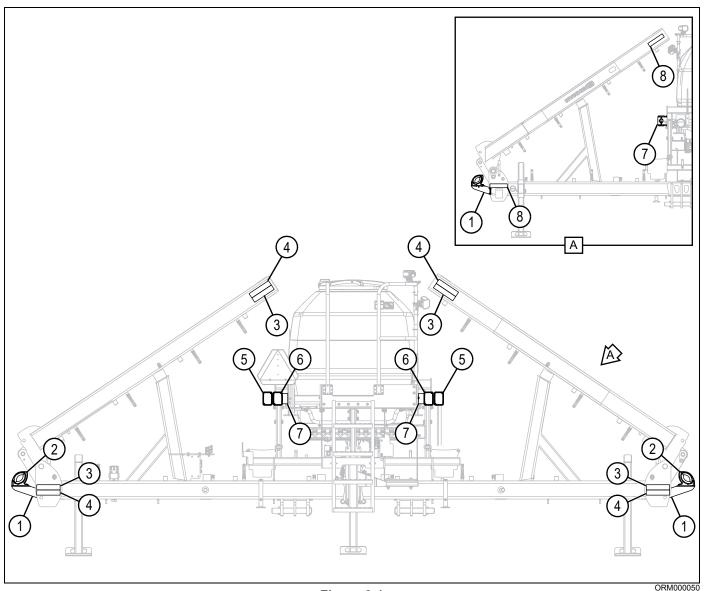


Figure 2-1

- 1) Amber light assembly (2 used)
- 2) Two-sided amber light (2 used)
- 3) Orange flourescent non-reflective decal (4 used)
- 4) Red retroreflective decal (4 used)

- 5) Amber light (2 used)
- 6) Red light (2 used)
- 7) Red/amber light assembly (2 used)
- 8) Amber retroreflective decal (4 used)



Planter Toolbar - 70 BU Tank

NOTES:

- Two-sided amber lights (2) must be visible from the front and rear of the implement.
- Red light assemblies (7) are one-sided and must be visible from the rear of the implement.
- Red light assemblies are part of supplier's central commodity system (CCS) tank cradle assembly.

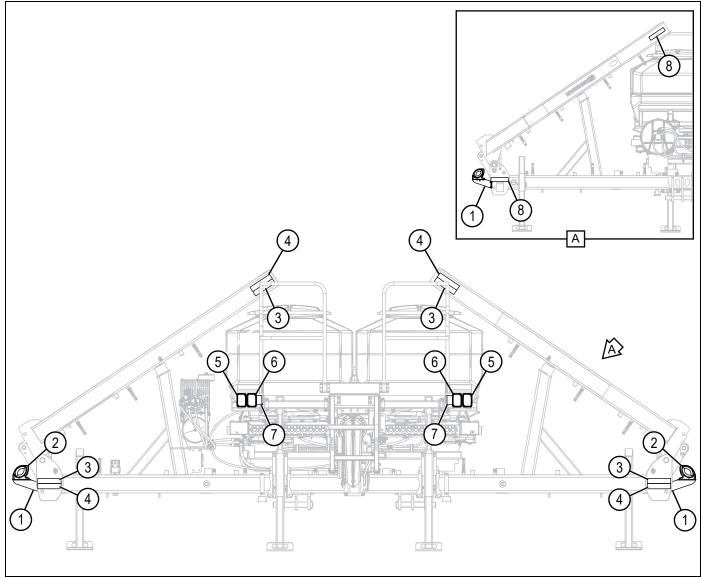


Figure 2-2

ORM000093

- 1) Amber light assembly (2 used)
- 2) Two-sided amber light (2 used)
- 3) Orange flourescent non-reflective decal (4 used)
- 4) Red retroreflective decal (4 used)

- 5) Amber light (2 used)
- 6) Red light (2 used)
- 7) Red/amber light assembly (2 used)
- 8) Amber retroreflective decal (4 used)



Slow Moving Vehicle (SMV)

The slow moving vehicle (SMV) placard (1) is mounted to the implement to alert other motorists that the machine is traveling below posted speed limits. The SMV placard is highly reflective and must be mounted to the implement where it is easily visible to other motorists when the implement is in motion.

Also mounted with the SMV is the speed identification symbol (SIS) (2). The SIS displays the vehicle's max speed in miles per hour (mph) or kilometers per hour (kph).

The SMV and SIS bracket (3) is mounted to the supplier's central commodity system (CCS) tank cradle assembly with two bolts (4).

See Figure 2-3 on page 2-8 and see Figure 2-4 on page 2-9.

Planter Toolbar - 55 BU Tank

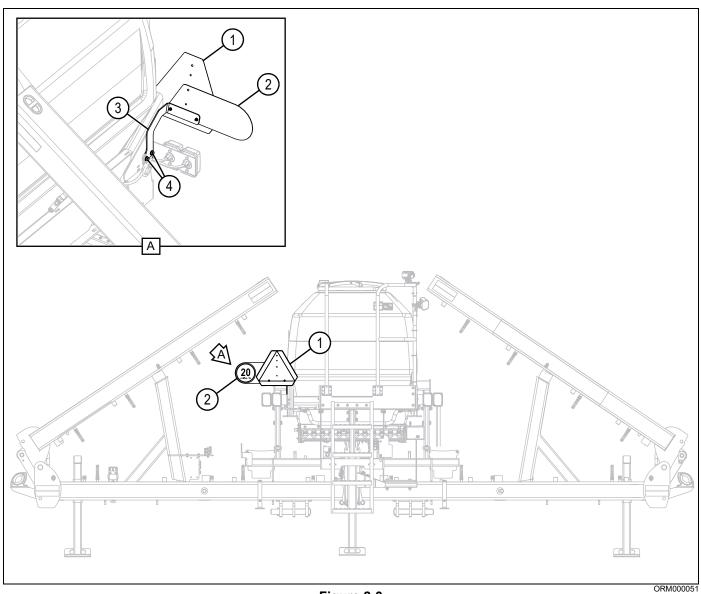


Figure 2-3

- 1) Slow moving vehicle (SMV) placard
- 2) Speed identification symbol (SIS)

3) Bracket

4) Bolt (2 used)



Planter Toolbar - 70 BU Tank

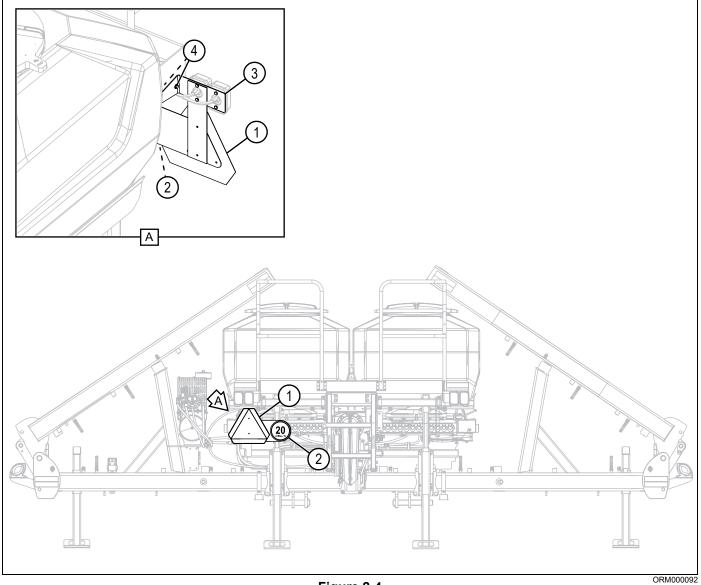


Figure 2-4

1) Slow moving vehicle (SMV) placard

2) Speed identification symbol (SIS)

3) Bracket

4) Bolt (2 used)

No Riders

AWARNING

Never allow riders on the tractor or implement. Failure to follow this information could result in death or serious injury.

Riders hinder operator visibility and can be thrown from the implement and/or be struck by foreign objects resulting in injury or death.

Practice Safe Maintenance

Proper maintenance is your responsibility. Maintenance neglect and/or poor maintenance practices can result in injury or death. Always use the proper tools to maintain the implement.

A DANGER

Avoid crushing. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Make sure all personnel are clear of the implement before lowering.

Lower the implement to the ground, place the tractor in park, turn off the engine, and remove the key.

A DANGER

Avoid crushing. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Use bar stands and cylinder stops to support the implement.

Store the implement on a clean, dry, level surface. An uneven surface could cause the implement to shift or fall, resulting in injury or death as well as implement damage. Securely support all implement components that must be raised. Store the implement away from human activity.

A DANGER

Avoid entanglement. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Never lubricate or service the implement when in motion.

Keep away from power driven parts when in motion. Disengage power sources prior to maintaining the implement. Injury or death can result from contact with power driven parts when in motion.

▲ DANGER

Avoid crushing. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Do not stand between the tractor and implement when connecting or disconnecting the implement.

Always place the tractor in park and turn off the engine before connecting or disconnecting the implement. Injury or death can result from being trapped between the tractor and implement.

A DANGER

Avoid high-pressure fluid hazards. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Relieve hydraulic pressure before servicing or disconnecting hoses.

Escaping pressurized hydraulic fluid can penetrate the skin, resulting in injury or death. Relieve hydraulic system pressure before connecting or disconnecting the tractor.

Never use hands to check for hydraulic leaks. Use cardboard or wood. Wear protective gloves and safety glasses or goggles when working with hydraulic systems. If an accident occurs, see a doctor immediately for proper treatment.

Never operate a combustion engine in an enclosed area. Make sure there is adequate ventilation. Exhaust fumes can cause asphyxiation.

Service tires safely. Tire and rim separation can result in serious injury or death. Do not over inflate tires. Only mount or dismount tires if you possess the proper equipment, otherwise contact a trained professional. Always maintain correct tire pressure. Inspect tires and wheels daily. Do not operate tires with inadequate pressure, cuts, visible damage, or missing hardware.

ACAUTION

Be extremely careful working around unshielded sharp edges. Injury may result from contact with sharp edges.

Keep all parts in good condition and properly installed. Replace damaged or missing parts immediately.

Remove tools and unused parts prior to implement operation.



Prepare for Emergencies

Be prepared for a fire. Keep a readily accessible fire extinguisher at all times.

Keep a readily accessible stocked first aid kit and emergency phone numbers for your doctor, hospital, ambulance, and fire department.

Wear protective clothing and equipment. Wear clothing appropriate for the situation. Protect your eyes, ears, hands, and feet with the use of protective goggles, ear plugs, gloves, boots, etc.

Anhydrous Ammonia (NH3) and Liquid Fertilizer

▲ DANGER

Avoid direct exposure to anhydrous ammonia (NH3) and liquid fertilizer. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury.

Use extreme care when working with anhydrous ammonia (NH3) and liquid fertilizer.

Keep a clean supply of water readily accessible in case of exposure to NH3 or liquid fertilizer.

Wear protective goggles and gloves when working with NH3 or liquid fertilizer. Be sure all persons involved in the operation are properly trained concerning the dangers and precautions involved in the application of NH3 or liquid fertilizer.

If you choose to apply NH3 or liquid fertilizer, it is advisable to consult documented information regarding safe handling and application of NH3 or liquid fertilizer. Information is available from the following recognized sources:

- American National Standards Institute (ANSI): www.ansi.org - (212) 642-4900
- Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS): www.msdsonline.com
- National Safety Council: www.nsc.org/necas
- · The Fertilizer Institute: www.tfi.org
- United States Department of Transportation (USDOT): www.dot.gov
- · Compressed Gas Association: www.cganet.com

Safety Never Hurts

▲CAUTION

Read and understand the entire contents of this manual before operating or servicing the implement.

Use the following safety practices:

- · Understand all implement functions.
- Never stand between the tractor and implement when connecting or disconnecting the implement.
- Be aware of all surroundings before you move the implement.
- · Operate the implement from operator's seat only.
- Never mount or dismount a moving tractor.
- Never leave the engine running when the implement is unattended.
- · Keep away from power driven parts when in motion.
- Make sure all personnel are clear before lowering implement to the ground.

Orthman Serial Number Plate

The Orthman serial number plate contains valuable information. The model number (1) and serial number (2) provide Orthman dealers and the Orthman service department with the exact specifications of your implement if any warranty or service issues need to be addressed.

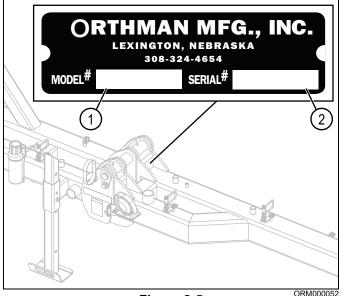


Figure 2-5

Model number

Serial number



Safety Decals

Safety decals promote awareness and knowledge concerning safe operation and maintenance of the implement. Carefully read all safety decals in this manual as well as on the implement.

Keep the implement clean so decals are easily visible. Keep all decals in good and legible condition. Immediately replace damaged and/or missing decals.

Orthman Right Side Decals

NOTE: The 16 row planter toolbar is shown. The 12 row planter toolbar and 18 row planter toolbar are similar.

NOTE: Replacement decals are available from your Orthman dealer. When replacing decals, thoroughly clean the area where the decal is to be placed and attach the decal void of bubbles.

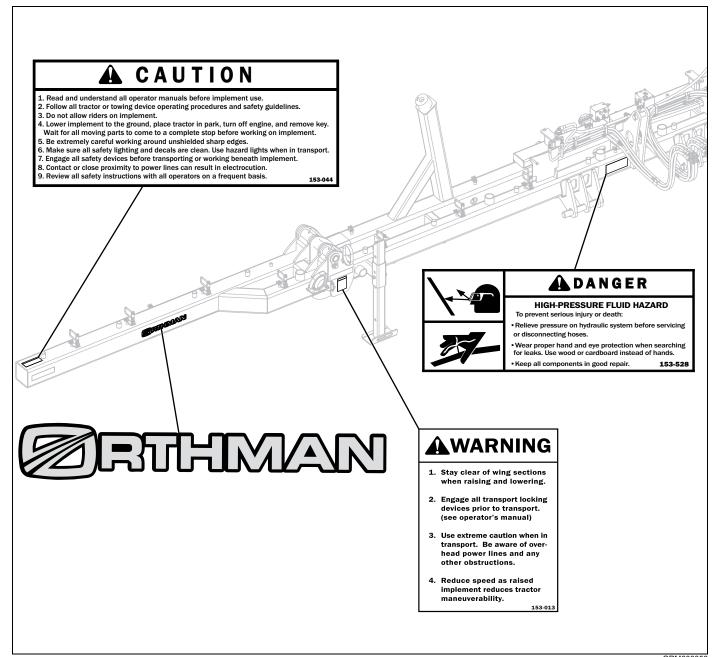


Figure 2-6





Orthman Left Side Decals

NOTE: The 16 row planter toolbar is shown. The 12 row planter toolbar and 18 row planter toolbar are similar.

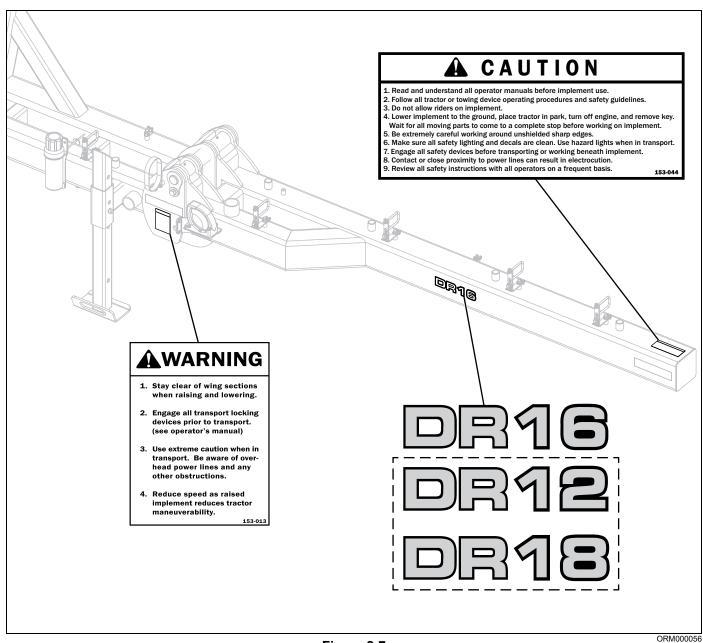


Figure 2-7

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Chapter 3

Major Components

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Center

Planter Toolbar - 12 Row, 55 BU

NOTE: The 12 row, 55 bu planter toolbar with Category 4 hitch is shown. The 12 row, 55 bu planter toolbar with Category 3 hitch is similar.

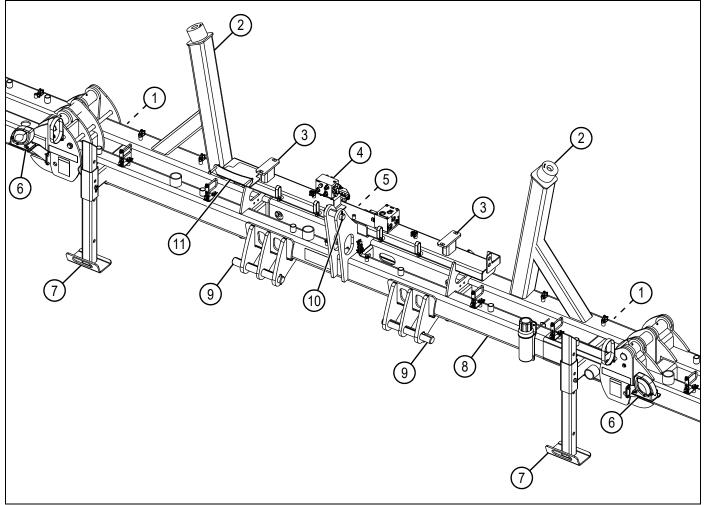


Figure 3-1

ORM000056

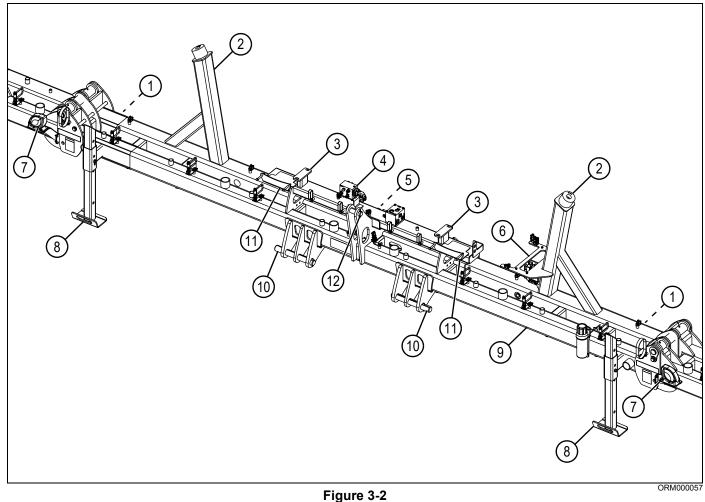
- 1) Wing fold cylinder (2 used)
- 2) Wing rest (2 used)
- 3) Central commodity system (CCS) cradle support tube (2 used)
- 4) Fold/gullwing control manifold
- 5) Cradle mount connection plate
- 6) Amber light assembly (2 used)

- 7) Bar stand (2 used)
- 8) Center section
- 9) Hitch tug pin (2 used)
- 10) Hitch pin
- 11) Vacuum fan mount



Planter Toolbar - 16 Row, 55 BU and 18 Row, 55 BU

NOTE: The 16 row, 55 bu planter toolbar is shown. The 18 row, 55 bu planter toolbar is similar.



- 1) Wing fold cylinder (2 used)
- 2) Wing rest (2 used)
- 3) Central commodity system (CCS) cradle support tube (2 used)
- 4) Fold/gullwing control manifold
- 5) Cradle mount connection plate
- Compressor mount

- 7) Amber light assembly (2 used)
- 8) Bar stand (2 used)
- 9) Center section
- 10) Hitch tug pin (2 used)
- 11) Vacuum fan mount (2 used)
- 12) Hitch pin



Planter Toolbar – 16 Row, 70 BU and 18 Row, 70 BU

NOTE: The 18 row, 70 bu planter toolbar is shown. The 16 row, 70 bu planter toolbar is similar.

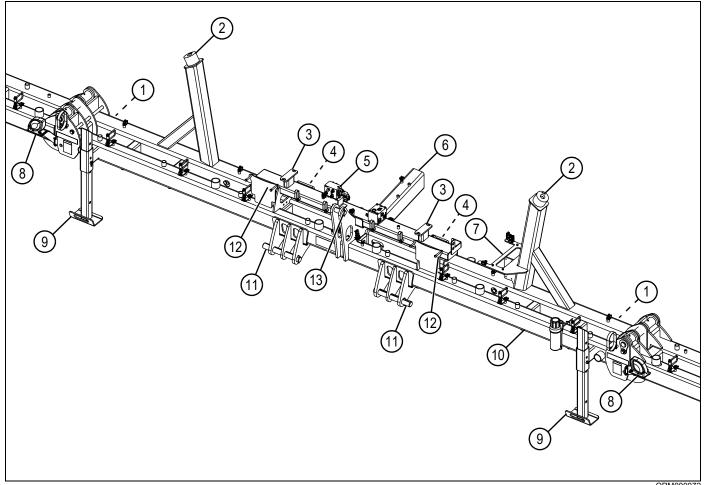


Figure 3-3 ORM000072

- 1) Wing fold cylinder (2 used)
- 2) Wing rest (2 used)
- 3) Central commodity system (CCS) cradle support tube (2 used)
- 4) Cradle mount connection plate (2 used)
- 5) Fold/gullwing control manifold
- 6) Center arm
- 7) Compressor mount

- 8) Amber light assembly (2 used)
- 9) Bar stand (2 used)
- 10) Center section
- 11) Hitch tug pin (2 used)
- 12) Vacuum fan mount (2 used)
- 13) Hitch pin



Wing

NOTE: The 12 row planter toolbar left wing shown. The 12 row planter toolbar right wing, 16 row planter toolbar wings, and 18 row planter toolbar wings are similar.

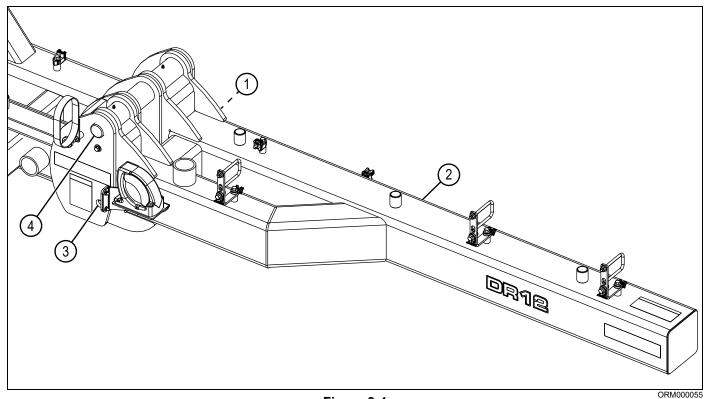


Figure 3-4

1) Wing fold linkage

2) Wing

3) Wing fold lock pin rigid position

4) Pivot point

Cradle Mount

Planter Toolbar - 12 Row, 55 BU

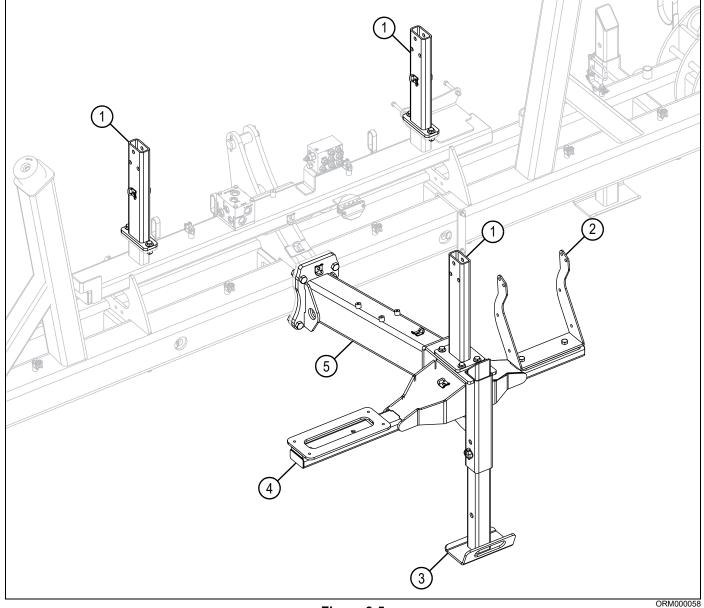


Figure 3-5

- Central commodity system (CCS) cradle support tube (3 used)
- 2) CCS blower mount
- 3) Bar stand

- 4) Compressor mount
- 5) Cradle mount arm



Planter Toolbar – 16 Row, 55 BU and 18 Row, 55 BU

NOTE: The 16 row, 55 bu planter toolbar is shown. The 18 row, 55 bu planter toolbar is similar.

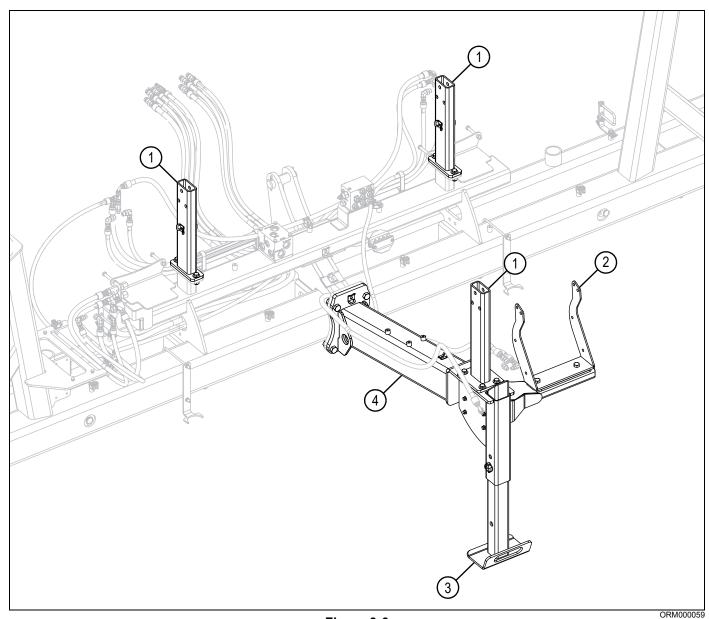


Figure 3-6

Central commodity system (CCS)
 cradle support tube (3 used)

- 2) CCS blower mount
- 3) Bar stand

4) Cradle mount arm



Planter Toolbar – 16 Row, 70 BU and 18 Row, 70 BU

NOTE: The 18 row, 70 bu planter toolbar is shown. The 16 row, 70 bu planter toolbar is similar.

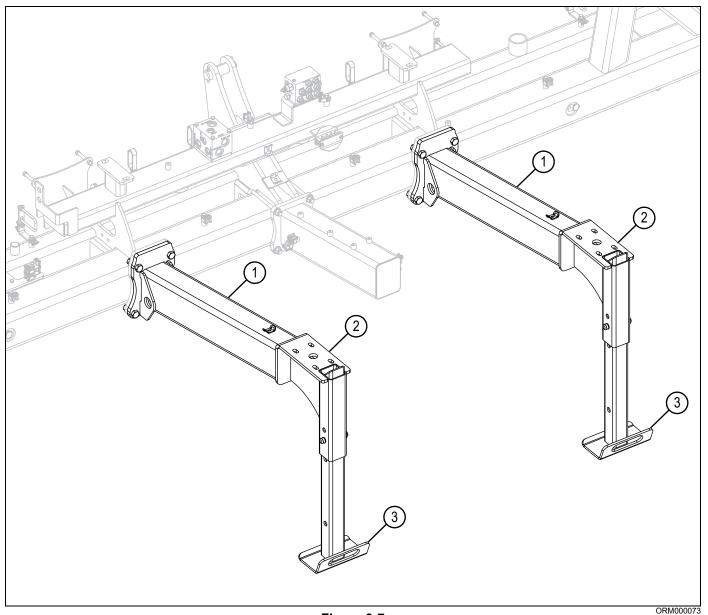


Figure 3-7

- 1) Cradle mount arm (2 used)
- 2) Central commodity system (CCS) cradle connection plate (2 used)
- 3) Bar stand (2 used)



Cradle

Planter Toolbar - 16 Row, 70 BU and 18 Row, 70 BU

NOTE: The 18 row, 70 bu planter toolbar is shown. The 16 row, 70 bu planter toolbar is similar.

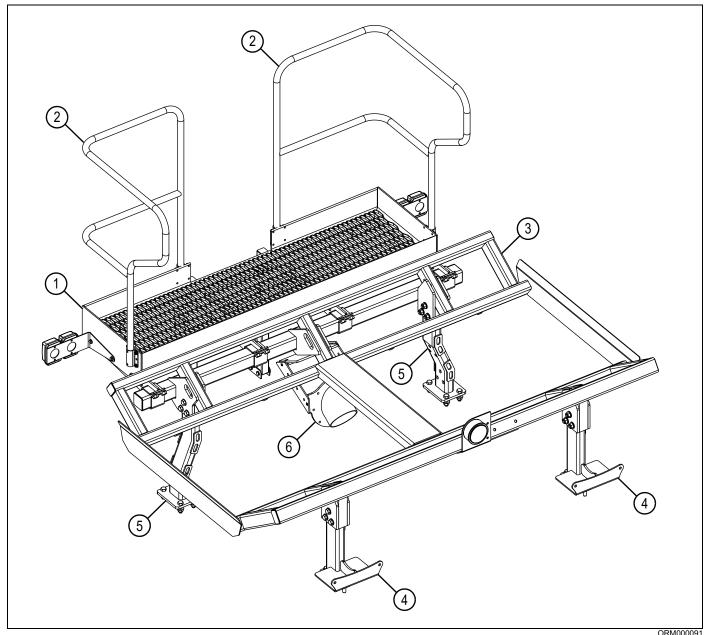


Figure 3-8

ORM000091

- 1) Catwalk
- 2) Handrail (2 used)
- Tank cradle
- 4) Front tank leg/vacuum fan mount (2 used)
- Rear leg (2 used)
- Central commodity system (CCS) blower mount



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Chapter 4

Preparation and Setup

Preparing the Toolbar		 	. 4-2						
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ACAUTION

Do not attempt to fold the toolbar until you have read **Chapter 4**, "**Preparation and Setup**". Failure to follow this information may result in minor or moderate injury or cause implement damage.

Preparing the Toolbar

- Read and understand the operator's manual for all tooling options used in conjunction with the 1551 Planter Toolbar.
- Make sure that all decals are in good, clean, and legible condition. Make sure each decal is correctly placed according to the safety section of this operator's manual. See "Safety Decals" on page 2-12 for more information.
- Make sure that the hydraulic system of the tractor is in working order. Orthman 1551 Planter Toolbar hydraulic systems are designed for a 3000 psi (207 bar) system.
- Make sure that the hydraulic tips and outlets are free of foreign material. Foreign material can ruin hydraulic components, which results in adverse toolbar operation.
- Be sure toolbar wing fold lock pins are in the proper position. Pin position for toolbar transport differs from recommended pin position for field use. See "Field Operation" on page 5-2.

A DANGER

Avoid rollover. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Stacking one wing at a time causes the center of gravity to shift. This results in rocking and unbalanced equipment. Use extreme caution when you move unbalanced equipment, as the tractor and implement are more likely to tip.

- 6. Before folding the toolbar, review "Wing Fold" on page 4-6. If the toolbar is not folding in the proper sequence, see "Adjusting the Fold/Gullwing Control Manifold" on page 4-9.
- 7. Be sure to lubricate all grease points on machine. See "Lubrication" on page 7-4.

▲ DANGER

Avoid high-pressure fluid hazards. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Relieve hydraulic pressure before servicing or disconnecting hoses.

- Relieve hydraulic system pressure before connecting or disconnecting the tractor. Attach hydraulic hoses to the tractor according to the tractor operator's manual.
- 9. Before each use, check all hardware for wear and the proper torque. Replace missing hardware with hardware of an identical grade in order to restore the implement to original specifications.



Implement-to-Tractor Connection

The 1551 Planter Toolbar 12 row planter option has a Category 3, 3N, 4, or 4N three-point hitch available. The 16 row and 18 row planter options have a Category 4 or 4N hitch available. Contact the Orthman service department for details.

See the tractor operator's manual for more information on properly connecting the implement.

The tractor's hydraulic system must be able to support 3000 psi (207 bar) of working pressure, and have a minimum 2250 psi (155 bar). The hydraulic system capacity should be 2 gal (7.5 L) minimum.

▲ DANGER

Avoid crushing. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Make sure all personnel are clear of the implement before lowering.

▲ DANGER

Avoid crushing. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Do not stand between the tractor and implement when connecting or disconnecting the implement.

- Back up tractor to the implement hitch. Place the tractor in park, turn off the engine, and remove the key before connecting the implement. Injury or death can result from being trapped between the tractor and implement.
- Set tractor's three-point hitch lift links. Hitch lift links should be adjusted to the operating depth dimensions indicated in the tractor operator's manual.
- Set tractor's three-point hitch lateral float pins.
 Lateral float pins should be placed in the lower holes to allow machine to "float" and follow the ground surface.
- 4. Set tractor's three-point hitch sway blocks. Sway blocks and bumpers should be installed if no implement guidance is being utilized with machine.
- 5. Connect the tractor's lower three-point hitch points (1) to the lower hitch tug pins (2) on the implement.
- 6. Adjust the tractor's upper three-point hitch point (3) as necessary to connect the hitch point to the upper hitch pin (4) on the implement.

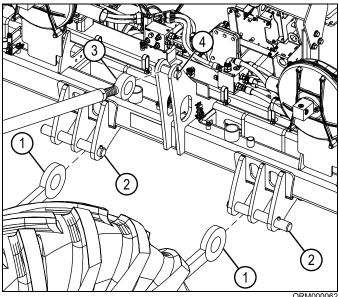


Figure 4-1

ORM00006

- Lower three-point hitch point (2 used)
- 2) Hitch tug pin (2 used)
- Upper three-point hitch point
- 4) Hitch pin

A DANGER

Avoid high-pressure fluid hazards. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Relieve hydraulic pressure before servicing or disconnecting hoses.

- Relieve hydraulic system pressure before connecting the tractor. Attach hydraulic hoses to the tractor according to the tractor operator's manual.
- 8. Attach toolbar controller electrical connections and toolbar safety lights to the tractor.
- Make sure all electrical and hydraulic lines are plumbed over the hitch to the tractor to avoid wear or damage.
- Raise the tongue bar stands to highest point and install stay pins.



Quick-Hitch Tractor Connection

See the tractor operator's manual for more information on properly connecting the implement.

A DANGER

Avoid crushing. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Make sure all personnel are clear of the implement before lowering.

▲ DANGER

Avoid crushing. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Do not stand between the tractor and implement when connecting or disconnecting the implement.

- Back up tractor to the implement hitch. Place the tractor in park, turn off the engine, and remove the key before connecting the implement. Injury or death can result from being trapped between the tractor and implement.
- 2. Install category 3 center link hook (1) on the quick-hitch (2).
- 3. Raise latch handles (3).
- 4. Lower the rockshaft until the center link hook and quick-hitch hooks (4) are lower than the implement hitch pins.

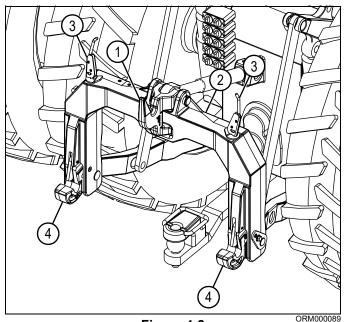


Figure 4-2

- 1) Center link hook
- 3) Latch handle (2 used)
- 2) Quick-hitch
- 4) Hook (2 used)
- 5. Check the drawbar clearance. Turn the drawbar offset to the shortest possible position to avoid contact with the coupler and implement.

A DANGER

Avoid crushing. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Do not stand between the tractor and implement when connecting or disconnecting the implement.

- 6. Slowly back the tractor towards the toolbar until the quick-hitch hooks are aligned with the implement hitch pins. Place the tractor in park, turn off the engine, and remove the key before connecting the implement. Injury or death can result from being trapped between the tractor and implement.
- Raise the rockshaft until the center link hook (1) and quick-hitch hooks (4) engage with the implement hitch pins (5).
- 8. Push latch handles (3) down to lock the quick-hitch (2) to the implement.

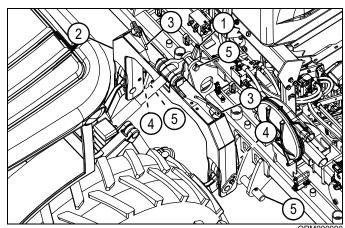


Figure 4-3

- Center link hook
- 2) Quick-hitch
- 3) Latch handle (2 used)
- 4) Hook (2 used)
- 5) Hitch pin (3 used)

A DANGER

Avoid high-pressure fluid hazards. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Relieve hydraulic pressure before servicing or disconnecting hoses.

- Relieve hydraulic system pressure before connecting the tractor. Attach hydraulic hoses to the tractor according to the tractor operator's manual.
- 10. Attach toolbar controller electrical connections and toolbar safety lights to the tractor.
- Make sure all electrical and hydraulic lines are plumbed over the hitch to the tractor to avoid wear or damage.
- 12. Raise the tongue bar stands to highest point and install stay pins.



Disconnecting Implement From Tractor

See the tractor operator's manual for more information on properly disconnecting the implement.

- Park implement on a clean, level surface; strong enough to support the weight of the machine.
- 2. Unfold the toolbar. See "Wing Fold" on page 4-6.
- Install the wing fold lock pins (1) into the rigid position to lock the wings in place. Adjust the hydraulic cylinders to align pin holes in the wing fold link plates.

A DANGER

Avoid crushing. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Use bar stands and cylinder stops to support the implement.

4. Lower the bar stands (2) and install stay pins (3).

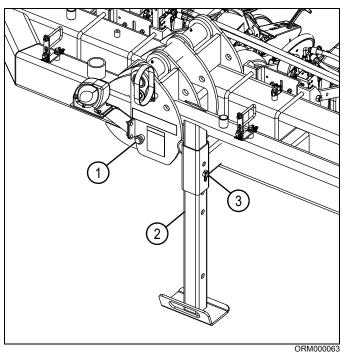


Figure 4-4: Right Wing

- 1) Wing fold lock pin
- 2) Bar stand
- 3) Stay pin

A DANGER

Avoid crushing. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Make sure all personnel are clear of the implement before lowering.

Lower the implement onto the bar stands by placing the tractor three-point hitch into the "float" position.

A DANGER

Avoid crushing. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Do not stand between the tractor and implement when connecting or disconnecting the implement.

6. Place the tractor in park, turn off the engine, and remove the key before disconnecting the implement.

A DANGER

Avoid high-pressure fluid hazards. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Relieve hydraulic pressure before servicing or disconnecting hoses.

- Relieve hydraulic system pressure before disconnecting the tractor. Disconnect hydraulic hoses from tractor selective control valve (SCV).
- 8. Disconnect all machine electrical connections from tractor.
- Disconnect tractor three-point hitch points from the implement hitch pin and tug pins. If tractor quick-hitch is used, lower the quick-hitch until the hooks are below the implement hitch pin and tug pins and the machine is safely on the ground.



Wing Fold

During the fold process, the internal wing fold cylinders (3) extend and fold the wings (4) up 140° until the wings stop on the wing rests (1).

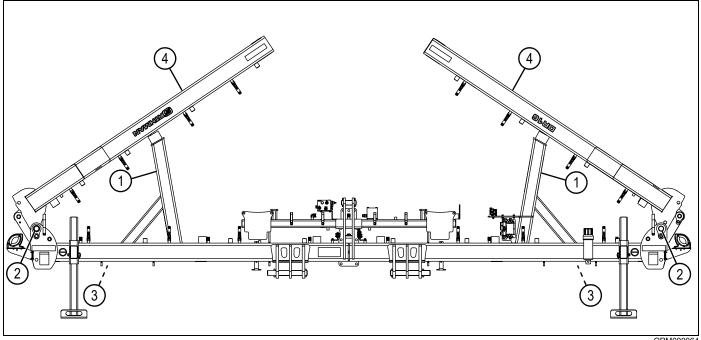


Figure 4-5

ORM000064

- 1) Wing rest (2 used)
- 2) Pivot point (2 used)

The wing (4) fold mechanism is comprised of a single cylinder and fold linkage (5). The wing fold cylinder (3) is mounted internally in the center section (6) and connected to the fold linkage.

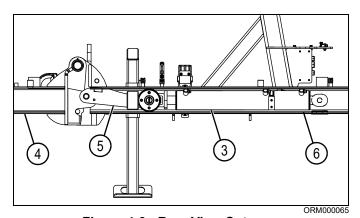


Figure 4-6: Rear View Cutaway

- 3) Wing fold cylinder
- Wing

- Fold linkage
- Center section

- 3) Wing fold cylinder (2 used)
- 4) Wing (2 used)

As the wing fold cylinder (3) extends, the fold linkage (5) pivots and folds the wing (4). As the cylinder retracts, the fold linkage pivots and unfolds the wing.

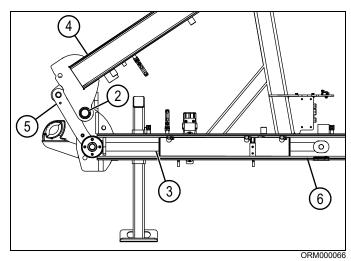


Figure 4-7: Rear View Cutaway

- Pivot point
- 3) Wing fold cylinder
- Fold linkage Center section

Wing





Leveling the Wings

When row units are added to the wings, the additional weight may cause the wings to no longer be level with the center section. Check the levelness of the wings over the life of the toolbar to ensure proper performance.

There is one wing bolt located below each wing. Factory setting for wing level bolts allows no downward wing position from level. If wings become out of adjustment, these bolts can be moved. Wing leveling bolts can also be adjusted so that wings will "float" down below factory setting.

Before adjusting the wings, inspect implement for damaged or broken parts. Remove any buildup of grease, oil, or debris.

NOTE: Left side wing leveling procedure is shown. Right side wing leveling procedure is similar.

	Tools
•	1-7/8 in Wrench
•	Level or angle finder

- Park the toolbar on a level surface in the raised. position and check the levelness of the rear toolbar center section. This will be the reference point for leveling the wing.
- **NOTE:** For the greatest accuracy, the wing row units should have all attachments and be fully loaded during leveling.
- 2. Unfold the wing. Place the level or angle-finder (1) on the top of the rear frame (2) of the wing (3) and note its levelness. Compare that levelness to the reference taken from the center section (4). The wing must be from 0° to +2° of level with the center section for proper toolbar function. If the wing angle is lower than or more than 2° of the center section, adjust it using the following steps 4—8.

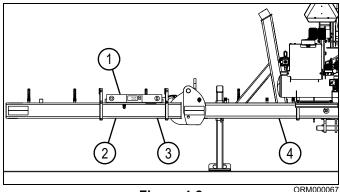


Figure 4-8

- Angle-finder
- Rear frame
- Wing
- Center section

A DANGER

Avoid crushing. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Use appropriate stands to support the implement.

Support the wing (3) with a minimum 3-ton stand (5) and lower machine.

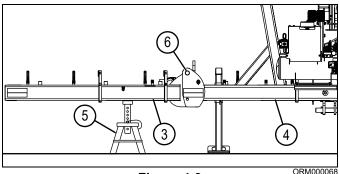
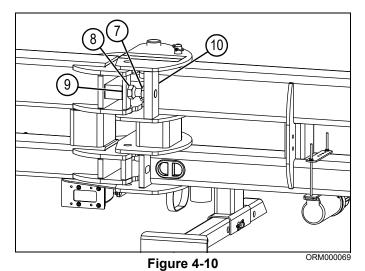


Figure 4-9

- Wing
- Center section
- Stand
- Pivot point
- Loosen jam nut (7).
- Adjust the leveling bolt (8) until the bolt makes contact with the wing bolt stop plate (9).
- 6. Tighten jam nut.

NOTE: Jam nut (7) is important for protecting the threads in the tapped plate (10) and should never be removed from the assembly.



- Jam nut
- 9) Stop plate
- Leveling bolt
- 10) Tapped plate
- Raise the machine and check the levelness of the wing compared to the center section.
- If the wing angle is still lower than or more than 2° of the center section, repeat leveling procedure.



Fold/Gullwing Control Manifold

▲ DANGER

Avoid crushing. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury or cause implement damage. Always raise the gullwing before folding the toolbar, and unfold the toolbar before lowering the gullwing.

The 1551 Planter Toolbar is equipped with a manifold for controlling the toolbar fold and gullwing up/down functions. It is important to note the fold sequencing of this toolbar because the fold and gullwing functions are tied into one dual stage cylinder. To fold the toolbar, raise the gullwing up 8° and then fold the toolbar until it makes contact with the wing rests. To unfold the toolbar, unfold the wings until they reach the gullwing position and then lower the gullwing until level with the center section.

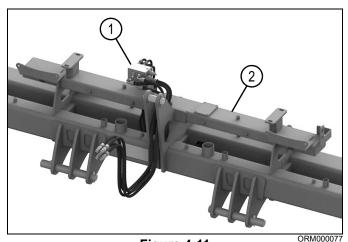


Figure 4-11

Fold/gullwing control manifold

Center section

Manifold Connections

Front Side of Manifold

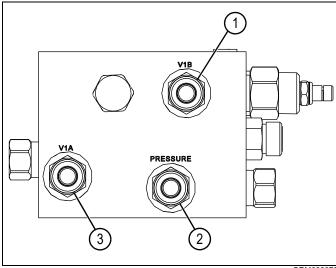


Figure 4-12

ORM000078

- Gullwing pressure hose to tractor (V1B)
- Fold pressure hose to tractor (PRESSURE)
- Gullwing return hose to tractor (V1A)

Left Side of Manifold

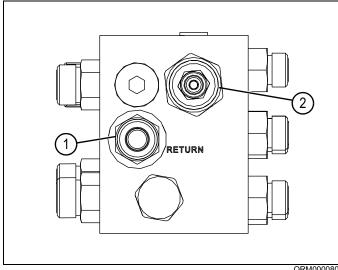


Figure 4-13

ORM000080

- Fold return hose to tractor (RETURN)
- Adjustment valve



Rear Side of Manifold

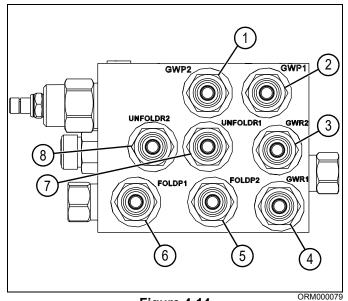


Figure 4-14

- 1) Gullwing pressure hose to left cylinder (GWP2)
- 2) Gullwing pressure hose to right cylinder (GWP1)
- 3) Gullwing return hose to left cylinder (GWR2)
- 4) Gullwing return hose to right cylinder (GWR1)
- 5) Fold pressure hose to left cylinder (FOLDP2)
- 6) Fold pressure hose to right cylinder (FOLDP1)
- 7) Unfold return hose to right cylinder (UNFOLDR1)
- 8) Unfold return hose to left cylinder (UNFOLDR2)

Adjusting the Fold/Gullwing Control Manifold

The gullwing down force comes factory set at 400 psi (28 bar). This should be enough pressure for most field conditions; however, some field conditions warrant more down force to keep row units in the ground. Contact an Orthman dealer for proper adjustment.



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Chapter 5

Operation and Field Settings

Field Operation	 	5-2
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Wing Fold Hydraulics	 	5-3
Toolbar Float Position		
Toolbar Height and Orientation		
Raised Position	 	5-6
Field Position		5-7



Field Operation

ACAUTION

Do not attempt to fold the toolbar until you have read **Chapter 4**, "**Preparation and Setup**". Failure to follow this information may result in minor or moderate injury or cause implement damage.

- Make sure cab hydraulic control configuration is easily accessible and set to the preference of the primary operator.
- Make sure tractor is adequately ballasted for safe operation. See the tractor operator's manual for more information on proper ballasting instructions.
- Connect implement to tractor. See "Implement-to-Tractor Connection" on page 4-3.

ACAUTION

Avoid implement damage. Remove the wing fold lock pin from the rigid position (3) before folding the wings.

4. Insert the wing fold lock pins (1) into the storage positions (2) to allow the wings to "float" up.

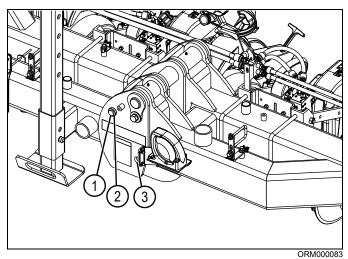


Figure 5-1: Left Wing

- Wing fold lock pin (2 used)
- 2) Storage position (2 used)
- 3) Rigid position (2 used)

Rigid Operation

ACAUTION

Do not attempt to fold the toolbar until you have read **Chapter 4**, "**Preparation and Setup**". Failure to follow this information may result in minor or moderate injury or cause implement damage.

- Make sure cab hydraulic control configuration is easily accessible and set to the preference of the primary operator.
- 2. Make sure tractor is adequately ballasted for safe operation. See the tractor operator's manual for more information on proper ballasting instructions.
- Connect implement to tractor. See "Implement-to-Tractor Connection" on page 4-3.

ACAUTION

Avoid implement damage. Remove the wing fold lock pin from the rigid position (3) before folding the wings.

4. With the wings unfolded, insert the wing fold lock pins (1) into the rigid positions to keep the wings from "floating" up.

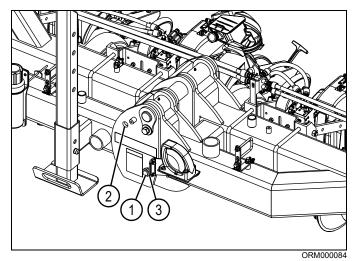


Figure 5-2: Left Wing

- 1) Wing fold lock pin (2 used)
- 2) Storage position (2 used)
- 3) Rigid position (2 used)



Wing Fold Hydraulics

The wing fold cylinder (1) is a dual stage cylinder. The gullwing side (3) of the cylinder is used to "gull up" the wings. The fold side (4) of the cylinder is used to continue to fold the wings until they reach the wing rests. The wing fold cylinders are controlled by the fold/gullwing control manifold (2). The fold/gullwing control manifold is connected to the tractor's hydraulic system. For more information on the fold/gullwing control manifold, see "Fold/Gullwing Control Manifold" on page 4-8.

The gullwing cylinder rod port with restrictor (5) on the right wing fold cylinder connects to the manifold at the port labeled GWP1. The gullwing cylinder base port (6) on the right wing fold cylinder connects to the manifold at the port labeled GWR1.

The fold cylinder rod port with restrictor (7) on the right wing fold cylinder connects to the manifold at the port labeled UNFOLDR1. The fold cylinder base port (8) on the right wing fold cylinder connects to the manifold at the port labeled FOLDP1.

The gullwing cylinder rod port with restrictor (9) on the left wing fold cylinder connects to the manifold at the port labeled GWP2. The gullwing cylinder base port (10) on the left wing fold cylinder connects to the manifold at the port labeled GWR2.

The fold cylinder rod port with restrictor (11) on the left wing fold cylinder connects to the manifold at the port labeled UNFOLDR2. The fold cylinder base port (12) on the left wing fold cylinder connects to the manifold at the port labeled FOLDP2.

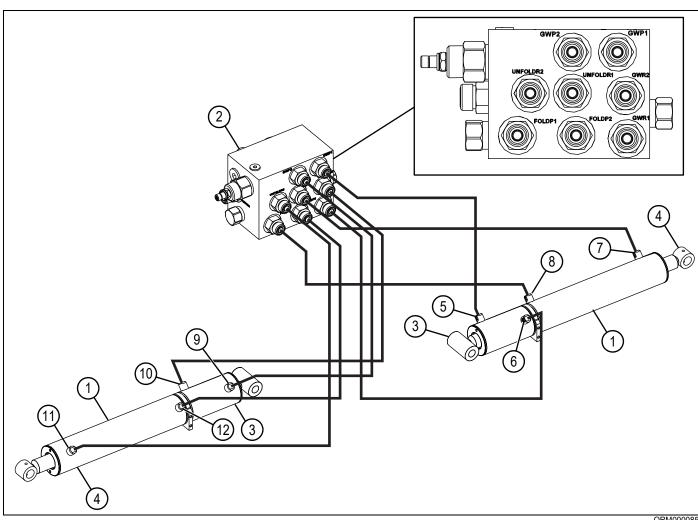


Figure 5-3

ORM000085

- 1) Wing fold cylinder (2 used)
- 2) Fold/gullwing control manifold
- 3) Gullwing side (2 used)
- 4) Fold side (2 used)
- Gullwing cylinder rod port with restrictor 5)
- Gullwing cylinder base port

- 7) Fold cylinder rod port with restrictor
- 8) Fold cylinder base port
- 9) Gullwing cylinder rod port with restrictor
- 10) Gullwing cylinder base port
- 11) Fold cylinder rod port with restrictor
- 12) Fold cylinder base port



Toolbar Float Position

AWARNING

Avoid being struck by the implement. Failure to follow this information could result in death or serious injury. Make sure all personnel are clear of the implement at all times when the implement is in motion.

While the implement is in the field position, the toolbar is allowed to "float." The wings come factory set to be level with the center section, so when in the "float" position, the wings are able to flex up 8° individually to stay level with the terrain.

The wings can also be adjusted to provide downward flex up to 8° . Adjust the leveling bolts under the wings to achieve the desired downward flex. For information on adjusting the leveling bolts, see "Leveling the Wings" on page 4-7. With the wings adjusted and in the "float" position, the wings are able to flex \pm 8° individually to stay level with the terrain.

ACAUTION

Avoid implement damage. Remove the wing fold lock pin from the rigid position before folding the wings.

To allow for toolbar flex, remove the wing fold lock pins (1) from the rigid positions (3) and insert the wing fold lock pins into the storage positions (2).

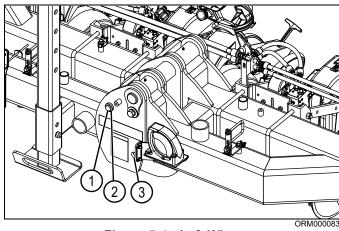


Figure 5-4: Left Wing

- Wing fold lock pin (2 used)
- 2) Storage position (2 used)
- 3) Rigid position (2 used)

Run the gullwing function on the tractor selective control valve (SCV) remote to extend the gullwing side of cylinder (9) and raise the wing (4) up to 8°. See Figure 5-5 on page 5-5.

The 1551 Planter Toolbar also has the option of gullwing down force if field conditions warrant more down force to keep row units in the ground. When the tractor SCV remote controlling the machine gullwing function is placed in "continuous mode" at full flow, gullwing down force is applied through the wing fold cylinder and linkage to keep the row units in the ground, which eliminates the need for weights.

The gullwing down force comes factory set at 400 psi (28 bar). This should be enough pressure for most field conditions; however, some field conditions warrant more down force to keep row units in the ground. Contact an Orthman dealer for proper adjustment.

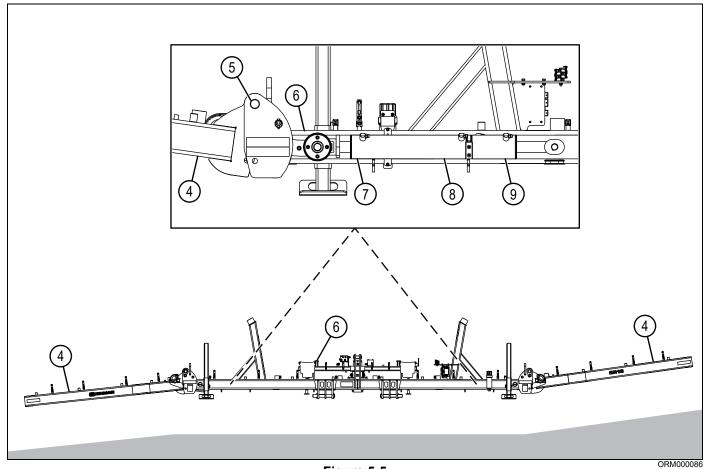


Figure 5-5

- 4) Wing (2 used)
- 5) Pivot point (2 used)
- 6) Center section
- 7) Fold side of cylinder (2 used)
- 8) Wing fold cylinder (2 used)
- 9) Gullwing side of cylinder (2 used)

Toolbar Height and Orientation

Raised Position

- 1. Connect the implement hitch (2) to the tractor. See "Implement-to-Tractor Connection" on page 4-3.
- Raise the tractor three-point hitch to its highest point.
 The hitch should have an approximate height of 49 in
 (124 cm) (1) of clearance from the ground surface.
 The row unit (3) should have a minimum height of
 23 in (58 cm) (4) clearance from the ground surface.

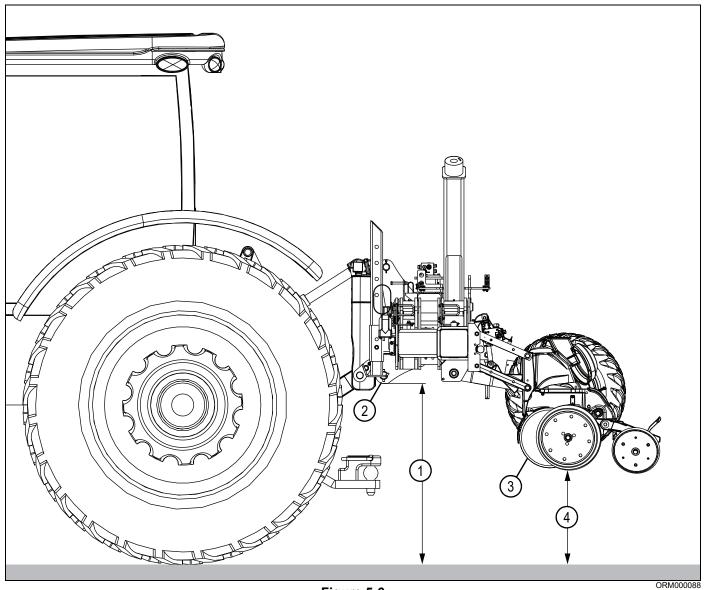


Figure 5-6

- 1) Approximate height 49 in (124 cm)
- 2) Hitch
- 3) Row unit (12/16/18 used)
- 4) Minimum height 23 in (58 cm)



Field Position

- 1. Connect the implement hitch (2) to the tractor. See "Implement-to-Tractor Connection" on page 4-3.
- Set the tractor three-point hitch lowering limit so the toolbar is parallel with the terrain. See the tractor operator's manual for more information on adjusting the tractor's hitch.
- 3. Place tractor selective control valve (SCV) remote in the "float" position to allow the planter to "float" over the ground surface and ensure consistent operating depth.
- 4. Row unit (3) parallel linkage arms should run parallel with the ground surface. Refer to row unit operator's manual for setting instructions.
- 5. Planter gauge wheels on the toolbar wings should be set to operate the planter at an approximate height of 20–22 in (52–56 cm) (1) of clearance from the ground surface to the bottom of the toolbar. Refer to planter operator's manual for setting instructions.
- Depending on the particular planter and field conditions, it may be necessary, through a process of trial and error, to manipulate tractor hitch settings and planter gauge wheels in order to achieve optimum planter operating height.

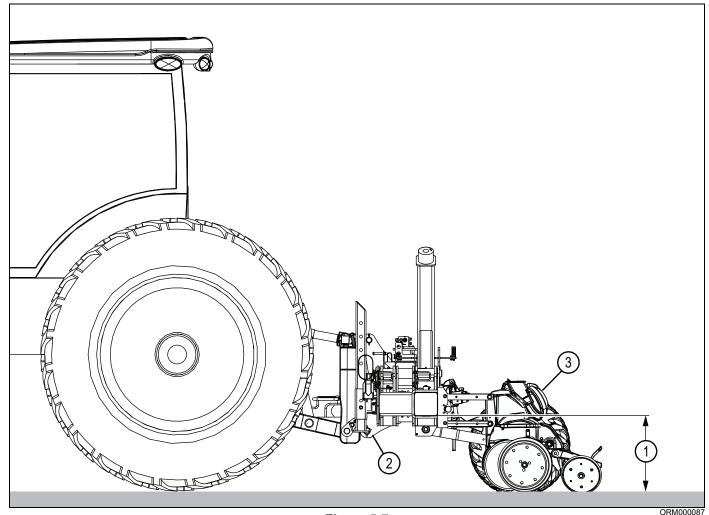


Figure 5-7

1) Approximate height 20–22 in (52–56 cm)

2) Hitch

3) Row unit (12/16/18 used)



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Chapter 6

Troubleshooting

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Preventative Measures

ACAUTION

Avoid implement and hydraulic system damage. Always perform the following preventative measures to prevent damage:

- · Lubricate all load bearing points.
- All hardware should be checked for tightness before operation.
- Be sure all hydraulic hoses are securely connected and all fittings are tight.
- Be sure all hydraulic hoses are secured in a manner that keeps them away from sharp edges and moving objects that can rupture a hose.
- Be sure the case drain hose connected to all hydraulic motors of the machine (such as the vacuum fans and/or the central commodity system [CCS] blower fan) is connected to the case drain port of the tractor.
- The case drain allows hydraulic oil to flow out of the motor casing and back into the tractor sump when hydraulic fluid is no longer being sent to the motor. If this fluid is not able to escape the motor casing, damage may occur to the internal components of the hydraulic motor when motor is stopped suddenly and not allowed to slow down gradually. As a good practice, the tractor selective control valve (SCV) controlling the hydraulic motor should always be placed in "float" when the hydraulic motor is intended to be stopped.
- Be sure the tractor hydraulic system has the proper amount of hydraulic fluid.

Tractor Will Not Attach to Toolbar

See "Implement-to-Tractor Connection" on page 4-3.

Toolbar Will Not Fold or Unfold

ACAUTION

Do not attempt to fold the toolbar until you have read **Chapter 4**, "**Preparation and Setup**". Failure to follow this information may result in minor or moderate injury or cause implement damage.

A DANGER

High-pressure fluid can penetrate eyes and skin. Relieve pressure on hydraulic system before servicing or disconnecting hoses. Wear proper hand and eye protection. When searching for leaks, use cardboard or wood instead of hands.

- Make sure toolbar wing fold link lock pins are removed.
- Check to see if the hydraulic tips are installed incorrectly in the tractor selective control valve (SCV).
- Check to make sure that the wings are level. Adjust wings to level position. See "Leveling the Wings" on page 4-7.
- Check to see if the hydraulic cylinder restrictors are plugged. See "Wing Fold Cylinder Removal" on page 6-3.
- Check to see if the cylinder seals are bad.
- Check to see if there is enough tractor hydraulic pressure.
- Check to see if the flow divider valve (1) is working properly.

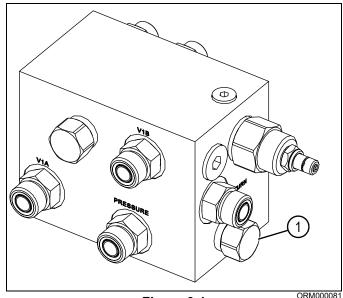


Figure 6-1

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Flow divider valve



Toolbar Does Not Operate at the Proper Height

A DANGER

Avoid crushing. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Make sure all personnel are clear of the implement before lowering.

- Check to make sure bar stands are raised and stay pins are installed.
- Adjust tractor's 3-point hitch as needed. See "Implement-to-Tractor Connection" on page 4-3.
- See "Field Position" on page 5-7.

Toolbar Wings Are Not Level or Straight

Adjust wings to the level position. See "Leveling the Wings" on page 4-7.

Gullwing Down Force Is Not Enough to Keep Row Units in the Ground

The gullwing down force comes factory set at 400 psi (28 bar). This should be enough pressure for most field conditions; however, some field conditions warrant more down force to keep row units in the ground. Contact an Orthman dealer for proper adjustment.

Wings Falling Into Rests When Folding/Free Falling When Unfolding

See "Fold/Gullwing Control Manifold" on page 4-8.

Wing Fold Cylinder Removal

NOTE: Right wing fold cylinder removal procedure shown. Left wing fold cylinder removal procedure is similar.

- 1. Park implement on a clean, level surface.
- 2. Install wing fold lock pins in the storage position. See "Field Operation" on page 5-2.
- 3. Fold wings. See "Wing Fold" on page 4-6.

A DANGER

Avoid high-pressure fluid hazards. Relieve hydraulic pressure before servicing or disconnecting hoses. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury.

- 4. Relieve hydraulic system pressure.
- Install identification tags and disconnect hydraulic hoses (2–5) from fold/gullwing control manifold (1). Close all openings using caps and plugs.

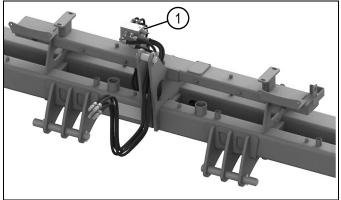


Figure 6-2

ORM000077

1) Fold/gullwing control manifold



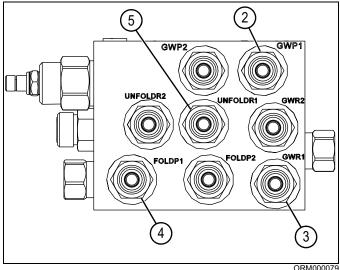


Figure 6-3: Fold/Gullwing Control Manifold (rear)

- 2) Gullwing pressure hose to right cylinder (GWP1)
- Gullwing return hose to right cylinder (GWR1) 3)
- Fold pressure hose to right cylinder (FOLDP1) 4)
- Unfold return hose to right cylinder (UNFOLDR1) 5)

▲ DANGER

Use an appropriate lifting device to support wing fold cylinder. Failure to follow this information could result in death or serious injury.

- Use an appropriate lifting device to support wing fold cylinder (10).
- Remove snap ring (6) and pin (7).
- Remove fastener (9), pin (8), and wing fold cylinder.

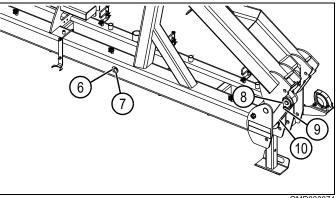


Figure 6-4

- Snap ring
- 7) Pin
- Pin

- 9) Fastener
- 10) Wing fold cylinder

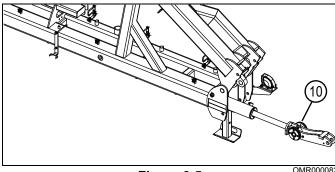


Figure 6-5

- 10) Wing fold cylinder
- 9. Clean and inspect parts. Repair or replace as necessary.
- 10. Installation is done in reverse order of removal.

Chapter 7

Maintenance and Specifications

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Practice Safe Maintenance

Proper maintenance is your responsibility. Maintenance neglect and/or poor maintenance practices can result in injury or death. Always use the proper tools to maintain the implement. For more information on practicing safe maintenance, see "Practice Safe Maintenance" on page 2-10.

Torque Specifications Standard Fasteners

Unified bolt and screw torque values:

Bolt or Screw Size		SAE G	rade 1		SAE Grade 2			2	SAE Grade 5, 5.1, or 5.2				SAE Grade 8 or 8.2				
(inches)	Lubri	cated	D	ry	Lubricated		D	Dry		Lubricated		Dry		Lubricated		Dry	
	N•m	lb-in	N•m	lb-in	N•m	lb-in	N•m	lb-in	N•m	lb-in	N•m	lb-in	N•m	lb-in	N•m	lb-in	
1/4	3.7	33	4.7	42	6	53	7.5	66	9.5	84	12	106	13.5	120	17	150	
													N•m	lb-ft	N•m	lb-ft	
5/16	7.7	68	9.8	86	12	106	15.5	137	19.5	172	25	221	28	20.5	35	26	
									N•m	lb-ft	N•m	lb-ft					
3/8	13.5	120	17.5	155	22	194	27	240	35	26	44	32.5	49	36	63	46	
			N•m	lb-ft	N•m	lb-ft	N•m	lb-ft									
7/16	22	194	28	20.5	35	26	44	32.5	56	41	70	52	80	59	100	74	
	N•m	lb-ft															
1/2	34	25	42	31	53	39	67	49	85	63	110	80	120	88	155	115	
9/16	48	35.5	60	45	76	56	95	70	125	92	155	115	175	130	220	165	
5/8	67	49	85	63	105	77	135	100	170	125	215	160	240	175	308	225	
3/4	120	88	150	110	190	140	240	175	300	220	380	280	425	315	540	400	
7/8	190	140	240	175	190	140	240	175	490	360	615	455	690	510	870	640	
1	285	210	360	265	285	210	360	265	730	540	920	680	1030	760	1300	960	
1-1/8	400	300	510	375	400	300	510	375	910	670	1150	850	1450	1075	1850	1350	
1-1/4	570	420	725	535	570	420	725	535	1280	945	1630	1200	2050	1500	2600	1920	
1-3/8	750	550	950	700	750	550	950	700	1700	1250	2140	1580	2700	2000	3400	2500	
1-1/2	990	730	1250	930	990	730	1250	930	2250	1650	2850	2100	3600	2650	4550	3350	

Torque values listed are for general use only, based on the strength of the bolt or screw. DO NOT use these values if a different torque value or tightening procedure is given for a specific application. For plastic insert or crimped steel type lock nuts, for stainless steel fasteners, or for nuts on U-bolts, see the tightening instructions for the specific application. Shear bolts are designed to fail under predetermined loads. Always replace shear bolts with identical grade. Replace fasteners with the same or higher grade. If higher grade fasteners are used, tighten these to the strength of the original. Make sure fastener threads are clean and that you properly start thread engagement. When possible, lubricate plain or zinc plated fasteners other than lock nuts, wheel

bolts, or wheel nuts, unless different instructions are given for the specific application.

Grade 2 applies to hex cap screws (not hex bolts) up to 6 in (152 mm) long. Grade 1 applies to hex cap screws over 6 in (152 mm) long, and for all other types of bolts and screws of any length.

"Lubricated" means coated with a lubricant such as engine oil, fasteners with phosphate and oil coatings, or 7/8 in. and larger fasteners with JDM F13C zinc flake coating.

"Dry" means plain or zinc plated without any lubrication, or 1/4 to 3/4 in. fasteners with JDM F13B zinc flake coating.



Metric Fasteners

Metric bolt and screw torque value:

Bolt or Screw	Class 4.8			Class 8.8 or 9.8			Class 10.9				Class 12.9					
Size (mm)	Lubri	cated	D	ry	Lubri	cated	D	ry	Lubri	cated	D	ry	Lubri	cated	D	ry
	N•m	lb-in	N•m	lb-in	N•m	lb-in	N•m	lb-in	N•m	lb-in	N•m	lb-in	N•m	lb-in	N•m	lb-in
M6	4.7	42	6	53	8.9	79	11.3	100	13	115	16.5	146	15.5	137	195	172
									N•m	lb-ft	N•m	lb-ft	N•m	lb-ft	N•m	lb-ft
M8	11.5	102	14.5	128	22	194	27.5	243	32	23.5	40	29.5	37	27.5	47	35
			N•m	lb-ft	N•m	lb-ft	N•m	lb-ft								
M10	23	204	29	21	43	32	55	40	63	46	80	59	75	55	95	70
	N•m	lb-ft														
M12	40	29.5	50	37	75	55	95	70	110	80	140	105	130	95	165	120
M14	63	46	80	59	120	88	150	110	175	130	220	165	205	150	260	190
M16	100	74	125	92	190	140	240	175	275	200	350	255	320	235	400	300
M18	135	100	170	125	265	195	330	245	375	275	475	350	440	325	560	410
M20	190	140	245	180	375	275	475	350	530	390	675	500	625	460	790	580
M22	265	195	330	245	510	375	650	480	725	535	920	680	580	625	1080	800
M24	330	245	425	315	650	480	820	600	920	680	1150	850	1080	800	1350	1000
M27	490	360	625	460	950	700	1200	885	1350	1000	1700	1250	1580	1160	2000	1475
M30	660	490	850	625	1290	950	1630	1200	1850	1350	2300	1700	2140	1580	2700	2000
M33	900	665	1150	850	1750	1300	2200	1625	2500	1850	3150	2325	2900	2150	3700	2730
M36	1150	850	1450	1075	2250	1650	2850	2100	3200	2350	4050	3000	3750	2770	4750	3500

Torque values listed are for general use only, based on the strength of the bolt or screw. DO NOT use these values if a different torque value or tightening procedure is given for a specific application. For plastic insert or crimped steel type lock nuts, for stainless steel fasteners, or for nuts on U-bolts, see the tightening instructions for the specific application. Shear bolts are designed to fail under predetermined loads. Always replace shear bolts with identical grade. Replace fasteners with the same or higher grade. If higher grade fasteners are used, tighten these to the strength of the original. Make sure fastener threads are clean and that you properly start thread engagement. When possible, lubricate plain or zinc plated fasteners other than lock nuts, wheel bolts, or wheel nuts, unless different instructions are given for the specific application.

"Lubricated" means coated with a lubricant such as engine oil, fasteners with phosphate and oil coatings, or M20 and larger fasteners with JDM F13C zinc flake coating. "Dry" means plain or zinc plated without any lubrication, or M6 to M18 fasteners with JDM F13B zinc flake coating.



Lubrication

Grease all zerks on the 1551 Planter Toolbar using a high-quality, multi-purpose grease. Follow the recommended hourly service intervals illustrated here. Grease more frequently dependent upon the frequency of folding.

Lubrication Service Intervals								
Total Zerks Interval (Hours)								
Wing pivot pin (4 used) (See Figure 7-1 on page 7-4.)	4	50						
Wing fold linkage (2 used) (See Figure 7-2 on page 7-4.)	2	50						

Wing Grease Locations

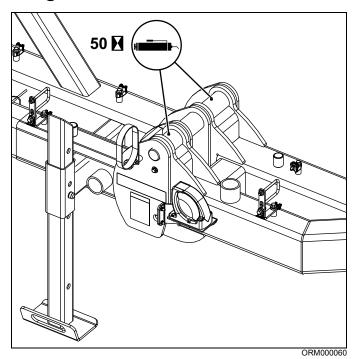


Figure 7-1: Left Wing

Wing Fold Linkage Grease Locations

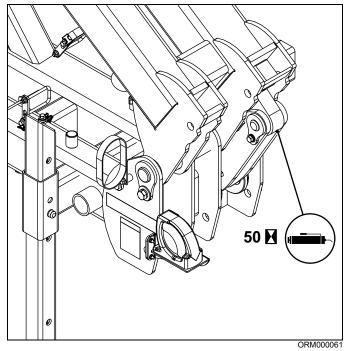


Figure 7-2: Left Wing (Folded)

Implement Inspection

Before each use, inspect implement for damaged or broken parts. Replace broken or worn parts immediately. When replacement parts are necessary for periodic maintenance and servicing, genuine factory replacement parts must be used in order to restore the implement to original specifications. Contact your Orthman dealer for replacement parts.

During break-in (40 hours), check hardware for proper torque every 10 to 20 hours. See "Torque Specifications" on page 7-2. Before each use, check hardware for wear and proper torque. Replace damaged or missing hardware with hardware of an identical grade to restore the implement to original specifications.

Remove any buildup of grease, oil, and debris.

Replace all shields and guards. Be sure all tools, parts, and service equipment are removed before you operate the implement.

Implement Storage

Prior to storing the implement for a long period of time, perform the following:

- Clean and touch up paint seasonally to avoid corrosion and rust. Contact your Orthman dealer for touch up paint.
- Inspect all safety decals and replace if missing or damaged. Contact your Orthman dealer for replacement decals. See "Safety Decals" on page 2-12.
- Grease all zerks regardless of hourly interval. See "Lubrication" on page 7-4.
- Check all hardware according to torque specifications. See "Torque Specifications" on page 7-2.
- Inspect implement for damaged or broken parts.
 Replace parts as necessary.
- Remove any buildup of grease, oil, and debris.

Store inside if possible. Storing the implement inside will prolong the life of the 1551 Planter Toolbar components.

▲ DANGER

Avoid crushing. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Use bar stands and cylinder stops to support the implement.

Store the implement on a clean, dry, level surface. An uneven surface could cause the implement to shift or fall, resulting in injury or death as well as implement damage. Securely support all implement components that must be raised. Store the implement away from human activity.

▲ DANGER

Avoid crushing. Failure to follow this information will result in death or serious injury. Make sure all personnel are clear of the implement before lowering.

Lower the implement to the ground, place the tractor in park, turn off the engine, and remove the key.



Specifications General Specifications

Toolbar Specifications								
	12 Row, 55 BU	16 Row, 55 BU	18 Row, 55 BU	16 Row, 70 BU	18 Row, 70 BU			
Frame	Vertical fold							
Frame flex	±8 degrees							
Type of lift	Fully integral, three point							
Hitch	CAT 3/4	CAT4	CAT4	CAT4	CAT4			
Tires (gauge wheels)	7.60-15 6 ply-traction 40 psi (276 kPa) (2.8 bar)							
Hydraulic Requirements								
Standby pressure	2250 psi (15 513 kPa) (190 bar)							
Working pressure	3000 psi (20 684 kPa) (207 bar)							
Capacity (minimum)	2 gal (7.5 L)							
Row spacing	30 in (76.2 cm)							
Weight (empty)	9669 lb (4385 kg)	12 545 lb (5690 kg)	14 134 lb (6411 kg)	12 557 lb (5695 kg)	14 146 lb (6416 kg)			
Weight (full)	12 749 lb (5782 kg)	15 625 lb (7087 kg)	17 214 lb (7808 kg)	16 477 lb (7473 kg)	16 489 lb (7479 kg)			



Machine Dimensions

Planter Toolbar - 12 Row, 55 BU

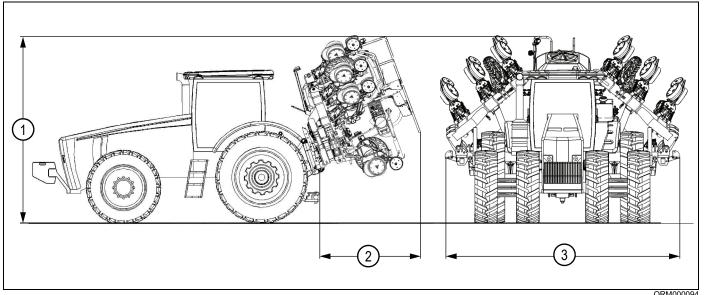


Figure 7-3

1) 13.5 ft (4.1 m)

2) 7.3 ft (2.2 m)

16.9 ft (5.2 m)

Planter Toolbar - 16 Row, 55 BU and 16 Row, 70 BU

NOTE: The 16 row, 55 bu planter toolbar is shown. The 16 row, 70 bu planter toolbar is similar.

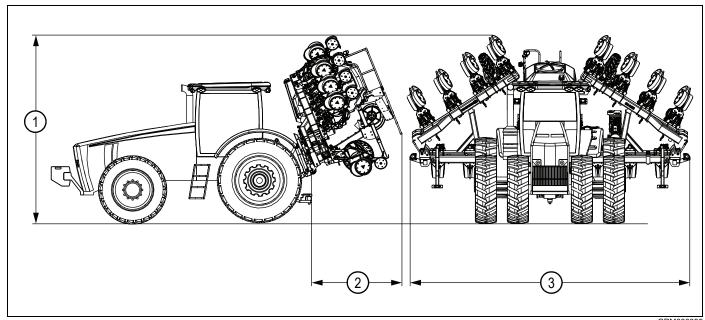


Figure 7-4

ORM000095

1) 14.4 ft (4.4 m)

2) 7.2 ft (2.2 m)

3) 22.5 ft (6.7 m)

Planter Toolbar – 18 Row, 55 BU and 18 Row, 70 BU

NOTE: The 18 row, 55 bu planter toolbar is shown. The 18 row, 70 bu planter toolbar is similar.

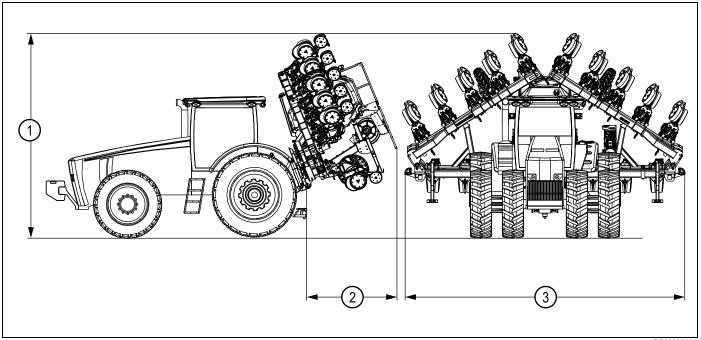


Figure 7-5

ORM000096

1) 15.8 ft (4.8 m)

2) 7.2 ft (2.2 m)

3) 23.0 ft (7.0 m)



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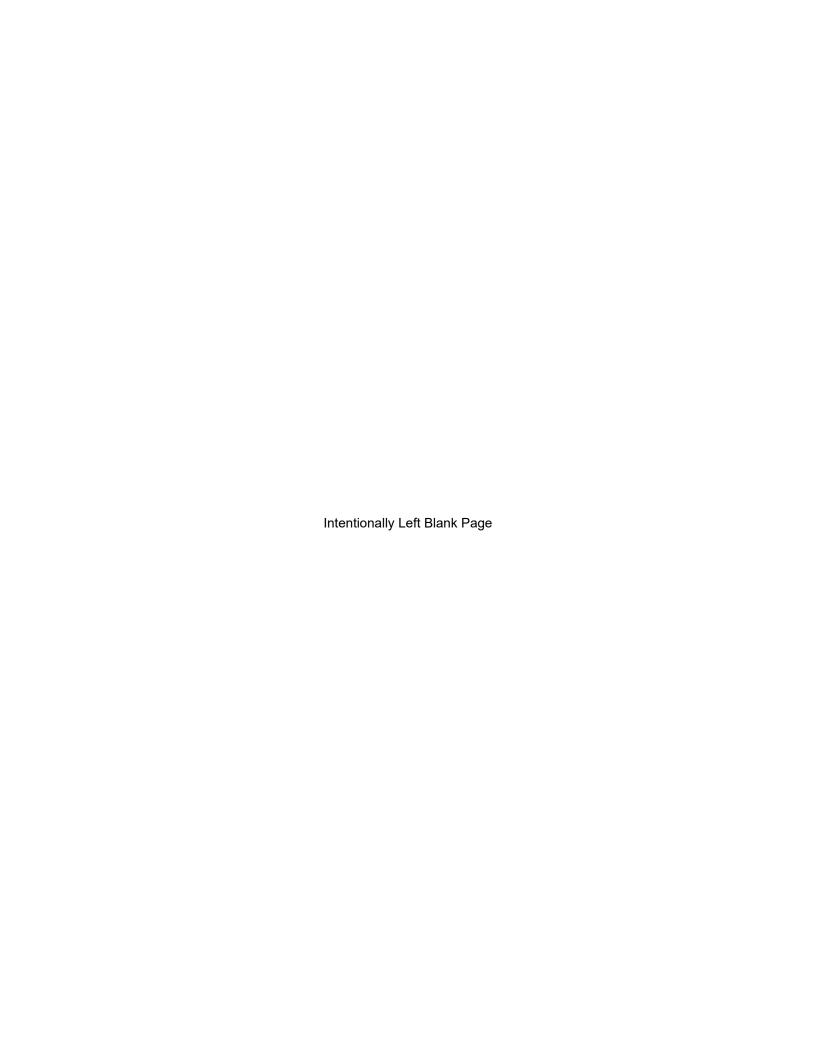
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Torque

Troubleshooting



ORTHMAN MFG

75765 Road 435

Lexington, NE 68850

USA Ag Products: 308-324-4654 USA Repair Parts: 866-324-7519

South Africa Ag Products: (+27) 12-940-2155

For repair parts or service contact your certified Orthman dealer.

Orthman.com

